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United States of America

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.

OLUWAFEMI AGBAYEWA,

Defendant.

CASE NO. 2:21-CR-00234-TLN

STIPULATION REGARDING USE OF
VIDEOCONFERENCING DURING CHANGE-OF-
PLEA HEARING; FINDINGS AND ORDER

DATE: January 27, 2022
TIME: 9:30 a.m.
COURT: Hon. Troy L. Nunley

BACKGROUND

On December 3, 2021, an Information was filed, charging the defendant, Oluwafemi Agbayewa, with one count of conspiracy to commit money laundering, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1956(h). ECF No. 1. The United States of America (the “government”) and the defendant have entered into a plea agreement. This matter is now set for a change of plea hearing on January 27, 2022, at 9:30 a.m.

On March 27, 2020, Congress passed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the “CARES Act”). The CARES Act empowered the Judicial Conference of the United States and Chief District Judges to authorize plea and sentencing hearings by video or telephonic conference when such hearings cannot be conducted in person without seriously jeopardizing public health and safety, and “the district judge in a particular case finds for specific reasons that the plea or sentencing in that case cannot be further delayed without serious harm to the interests of justice.” Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act, Pub. L. No. 116-23, § 15002(b)(2), 134 Stat. 281, 527–29 (2020).

1 On March 29, 2020, the Judicial Conference of the United States made the findings required by
2 the CARES Act, concluding that “emergency conditions due to the national emergency declared by the
3 President under the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. § 1601, et seq.) with respect to the
4 Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) have materially affected and will materially affect the
5 functioning of the federal courts generally.”

6 On December 21, 2021, for the reasons set forth in General Orders 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615,
7 616, 617, 618, 620, 621, 624, 628, 630, 631, 635, and 640, the Chief Judge of this District, per General
8 Order 640, extended the findings and authorizations required by the CARES Act for another ninety days
9 from the date of entry of General Order 640. In order to authorize change of plea and sentencing
10 hearings by remote means, however, the CARES Act—as implemented by the General Orders listed
11 above—also requires district courts in individual cases to find, for specific reasons, that felony pleas and
12 sentencings cannot be further delayed without serious harm to the interests of justice. *Id.* The General
13 Orders listed above require that the defendant consent to remote proceedings. Finally, remote
14 proceedings must be conducted by videoconference unless “video teleconferencing is not reasonably
15 available.” *Id.* In such cases, district courts may conduct hearings by teleconference. *Id.*

16 The parties hereby stipulate and agree that each of the requirements of the CARES Act and the
17 General Orders listed above have been satisfied in this case. They request that the Court enter an order
18 making the specific findings required by the CARES Act and the General Orders listed above.
19 Specifically, for the reasons further set forth below, the parties agree that:

20 1. The change-of-plea hearing in this case cannot be further delayed without serious harm to
21 the interest of justice, given the public health restrictions on physical contact, the fact that the parties
22 have reached a plea agreement to resolve this case, and the backlog of cases that is likely to increase in
23 the Eastern District of California if criminal matters do not resolve by videoconference when the
24 defendant consents and once an agreement has been reached between the parties;

25 2. The defendant waives his physical presence at the hearing and consents to remote hearing
26 by videoconference; and

27 3. Defense counsel joins in that waiver.

28 **STIPULATION**

1 Plaintiff United States of America, by and through its counsel of record, and the defendant, by
2 and through his counsel of record, hereby stipulate as follows:

3 1. The Governor of the State of California declared a Proclamation of a State of Emergency
4 to exist in California on March 4, 2020.

5 2. On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States issued a proclamation declaring a
6 National Emergency in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

7 3. In their evolving guidance, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (the “CDC”)
8 and other public health authorities have suggested the public avoid crowds, practice physical distancing
9 between individuals, and wear masks in indoor settings under certain conditions to potentially slow the
10 spread of COVID-19 and its variants, such as the highly contagious Omicron variant.

11 4. On March 17, 2020, the Court issued General Order 611, noting the President’s and
12 Governor of California’s emergency declarations and CDC guidance, and indicating that public health
13 authorities within the Eastern District of California had taken measures to limit the size of gatherings
14 and practice social distancing. General Order 612, which issued the following day, provided that if any
15 criminal matters are maintained on calendar, to the fullest extent possible they should be conducted by
16 telephone or videoconference.

17 5. General Order 614, issued on March 30, 2020, found that felony plea and sentencing
18 hearings generally could not be conducted in person in this district without seriously jeopardizing public
19 health and safety. General Order 614 also authorized, under authority of the CARES Act,
20 videoconferencing and telephone conferencing in different criminal proceedings. General Order 614
21 allowed for use of videoconferencing technology for felony change of plea and sentencing hearings with
22 the defendant’s consent, if a judge finds that the hearing cannot be further delayed without serious harm
23 to the interests of justice.

24 6. On April 16, 2020, the Judicial Council of the Ninth Circuit declared a judicial
25 emergency in this district pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3174(d), based on the Eastern District of California’s
26 critically low resources across its heavy caseload. The report accompanying the Judicial Council’s
27 declaration analyzed the public safety dangers associated with the COVID-19 pandemic and examined
28 both the district’s caseload (the Eastern District of California currently ranks first in the Ninth Circuit

1 and eighth nationally in weighted filings) and its shortage of judicial resources (the district is currently
2 authorized only six district judges, and two of those positions are currently vacant). The report further
3 explained that a backlog of cases exists that can only start to be alleviated when the CDC lifts its
4 guidance regarding gatherings of individuals.

5 7. General Orders 614, 616, 617, 618, 620, 621, 624, 628, 630, 632, 635, and 640 have also
6 made findings and implemented temporary emergency procedures in response to the COVID-19 crisis,
7 and these General Orders either remain in effect or have been superseded by a subsequent General Order
8 extending their provisions.

9 8. Given these facts, it is essential that judges in this district resolve as many matters as
10 possible via videoconference and teleconference during the COVID-19 pandemic. By holding these
11 hearings now, this district will be in a better position to work through the backlog of criminal and civil
12 matters once in-person hearings resume to a pre-pandemic extent.

13 9. The change-of-plea hearing in this case accordingly cannot be further delayed without
14 serious harm to the interests of justice. If the Court were to delay this hearing until it can be held in
15 person, it would only add to the enormous backlog of criminal and civil matters facing the Court, and
16 every judge in this district, when normal operations resume.

17 10. Under CARES Act § 15002(b), the defendant consents to proceed with the combination
18 change of plea and sentencing hearing by videoconference. Defense counsel joins in this consent.

19 IT IS SO STIPULATED.
20

21 Dated: January 21, 2022

PHILLIP A. TALBERT
United States Attorney

23 /s/ CHRISTINA McCALL
24 CHRISTINA McCALL
Assistant United States Attorney

26 Dated: January 21, 2022

27 /s/ NANCY KARDON
NANCY KARDON
Counsel for Defendant
28 OLUWAFEMI AGBAYEWA

FINDINGS AND ORDER

1. The Court adopts the findings above.

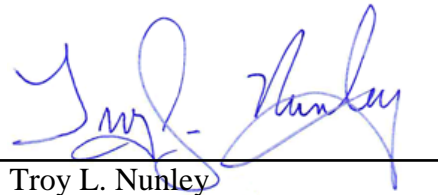
2. Further, the Court specifically finds that:

a) The Fast-Track change of plea and sentencing hearing in this case cannot be further delayed without serious harm to the interests of justice; and

b) The defendant has waived his physical presence at the Fast-Track hearing and consents to remote hearing by videoconference.

3. Therefore, based on the findings above, and under the Court's authority under § 15002(b) of the CARES Act and General Orders 614 and 640, the combination change of plea and sentencing hearing in this case will be conducted by videoconference.

IT IS SO FOUND AND ORDERED this 24th day of January, 2022.



Troy L. Nunley
United States District Judge